Constitutionally Granted Voting Rights for Every Citizen to Vote in Every Election Held by Any Level of Governance, from Local to Federal, whose District Contains the Residence of the Citizen, and Strict Majority Rule in the United States: Neither Exist So Far By John M. Bachar, Jr. July 4, 2021

Introduction

A *constitution* is an aggregate of fundamental principles or established precedents that constitute the legal basis of a nation, state, organization or other type of entity, and it commonly determines how that entity is to be governed.

A *democratic society* is one in which the supreme power is vested in "we the people" and exercised by them directly or indirectly through a system of representation usually involving periodically held free elections. Each representative within the representation system must represent the *same* number of constituents in order to preserve the "one-person, one-vote" principle of equitable representation. For such a society to thrive, every citizen must be fully educated in civics and must have a lifelong commitment to be guided by its principles in all decisions made in elections.

Citizen Voting Rights is the term used for the set of rules contained in the constitution that describes which citizens have the right to vote in elections that take place in the entire system of government.

Voting Age Population (VAP) is the subpopulation of citizens within a geographical region (such as the USA, a State, a Congressional District, for example) who are 18 years old or older.

Weak Majority Rule is the rule used in an election held in an Election District of the entire system of government that declares the winning outcome to be the ballot choice that has the highest Vote Count (VC) whose size is greater than 50% of the total number of ballots cast.

Let G be a group of size g, and let C be the subset of certified voters of size c. A *quorum* is the minimum number, n, such that no valid election on any issue can take place if less than n members of C vote.

Strict Majority Rule is the rule used in an election held in an Election District of the entire system of government that declares the winning outcome to be the ballot choice that has the highest Vote Count (VC) whose size is greater than 50% of the size of the VAP of the District.

A *complete democratic society* is a democratic society such that:

1. Its constitution states that

Every citizen, upon reaching the age of 18, shall have the right to vote in every election held by any Election District of the entire system of government that contains the current citizen's residence location on the date of the election.

2. The outcome of every election shall be determined by Strict Majority Rule.

History of Citizen Voting in the United States

The original US Constitution was ratified in 1788 by the original 13 states. Subsequently, it was expanded 17 times by Congress using the amendment process contained in the original Constitution. The current 2021 version contains 27 Amendments. With respect to item 1 in the definition of a *complete democratic society*, a

word search within all 18 versions of the US Constitution proves that language synonymous with the content of item 1 **DOES NOT EXIST!**

Furthermore, the Constitution is silent on what constitutes a complete voting process. It contains no explicit language that defines binding rules for every state regarding which citizens have the right to vote. There are only two main provisions at issue—Article I, Section 4, clause 1, which provides Congress the authority to set the "Times, Places and Manner" of congressional elections, and Article II, Section 1, clause 4, which provides that Congress may designate the "Time" for the choosing of Presidential Electors.

By default, US voting systems and eligible voter rules are produced and governed by a hodgepodge of dissimilar, often confusing, individual voting system inequities by the D.C. and 50 states. There is a long history of voter suppression such as: the creation of poll tax laws designed to prevent African American, Latinx, and other "undesirables" from voting; unfair redistricting laws passed by many states designed to favor one political faction over others; denial of voting rights for women until the 75-year Women's Suffrage movement succeeded. *Currently, there49 state legislatures with 880 voter suppression laws pending, and of these, 14 states have already passed 28 voter suppression laws!*

Presidential Elecion Voting Age Population (VAP) % Turnout for the 23 Presidential Elections (1932 - 2020)

*Votes Cast % VAP Voting **No Votes Cast % VAP Not Voting Year 1932 39.817.000 52.6% 35.951.000 47.4% 1936 45,647,000 56.9% 34,527,000 43.1% 1940 49.815.000 58.8% 34,913,000 41.2% 1944 48,026,000 56.1% 37,628,000 43.9% 48.9% 1948 48.834.000 51.1% 46.739.000 1952 61.552.000 61.6% 38.377.000 38.4% 1956 62,027,000 59.3% 42,488,000 40.7% 40.836.000 1960 68.836.000 62.8% 37.2% 1964 70,098,000 61.4% 43,992,000 38.6% 1968 73,027,000 60.7% 47,258,000 39.3% 77.625.000 1972 55.1% 63,152.000 44.9% 1976 81,603,000 53.6% 70,705,000 46.4% 1980 86,497,000 52.8% 77,448,000 47.2% 92,655,000 1984 53.3% 81.340.000 46.7% 1988 91,587,000 50.3% 90,369,000 49.7% 1992 104,600,000 55.2% 84,893,000 44.8% 1996 96.390.000 49.0% 100.399.000 51.0% 2000 105,594,000 50.3% 104,193,000 49.7% 122,349,000 55.7% 97,204,000 44.3% 2004 2008 131,407,000 57.1% 98,538,000 42.9% 2012 129,235,000 54.9% 106,013,000 45.1% 2016 136.669.276 54.8% 112,752,724 45.2% 2020 158,394,605 61.4% 99,716,805 38.6%

Historical Record of Low Voting Age Population Turnout in US Elections.

*Votes Cast: This includes ONLY citizens.

**No Votes Cast: Includes a tiny % of felons & non-citixen immigrants plus a huge % citizens 23-year range:

% VAP Voting: 49.0% (1996) to 62.8% (1960)

% VAP Not Voting: 37.2% (1960) to 51.0% (1996)

23 year range of percentage of VAP NOT voting: 37.2 % (1960) to 51.0 % (1996).

1996 to 2020 (last 7 presidential elections) range of number of VAP NOT voting: 97.2 to 112.8 NILLION.

The following table contains the complete, certified record of the statistics of the November 3, **2020** Presidential Election for the D.C. and all 50 states.

List of abbreviations used in the following table.

P: population

VAP: voting age population, i.e., 18 years and older

RV: registered voters

RV/VAP: number of registered voters divided by number of voting age population

VC: vote count, i.e., number of ballots cast in an election

RV/VRP: number of registered voters divided by number of voting age population

VC/VAP: vote count divided by number of voting age population

NVAP: number of voting age population that DID NOT vote in the election

NVAP/VAP: number in NVAP divided by

RV-VC: number of registered voters minus the number in VC

| State | Р | VAP | RV | RV/VAP | VC | VC/VAP | NVAP | NVAP/VAP | RV - VC |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------|----------|------------|
| Alabama (AL) | 4,908,620 | 3,837,540 | 3,708,804 | 96.65% | 2,323,282 | 60.5% | 1,514,258 | 39.5% | 1,385,522 |
| Alaska (AK) | 734,002 | 551,562 | 515,942 | 93.54% | 359,530 | 65.2% | 192,032 | 34.8% | 156,412 |
| Arizona (AZ) | 7,378,490 | 5,798,473 | 4,281,152 | 73.83% | 3,387,326 | 58.4% | 2,411,147 | 41.6% | 893,826 |
| Arkansas (AR) | 3,039,000 | 2,331,171 | 1,755,775 | 75.32% | 1,219,069 | 52.3% | 1,112,102 | 47.7% | 536,706 |
| California (CA) | 39,937,500 | 30,783,255 | 22,047,448 | 71.62% | 17,500,871 | 56.9% | 13,282,384 | 43.1% | 4,546,577 |
| Colorado (CO) | 5,845,530 | 4,595,504 | 4,238,513 | 92.23% | 3,256,952 | 70.9% | 1,338,552 | 29.1% | 981,561 |
| Connecticut (CT) | 3,563.080 | 2,839,560 | 2,375,537 | 83.66% | 1.824.273 | 64.2% | 1,015,287 | 35.8% | 551,264 |
| Delaware (DE) | 982,895 | 780,822 | 738,563 | 94.59% | 504,346 | 64.6% | 276,476 | 35.4% | 234,217 |
| District of Columbia (DC) | 720.687 | 582.065 | 438,373 | 75.31% | 344,356 | 59.2% | 237,709 | 40.8% | 94.017 |
| Florida (FL) | 21,993,000 | 17,543,341 | 14,065,627 | 80.18% | 11,067,456 | 63.1% | 6,475,885 | 36.9% | 2,998,171 |
| Georgia (GA) | 10,736,100 | 8,255,108 | 7,233,584 | 87.63% | 4,997,716 | 60.5% | 3,257,392 | 39.5% | 2,235,868 |
| Hawaii (HI) | 1,412,690 | 1,114,466 | 830,000 | 74.48% | 574,469 | 51.5% | 539.997 | 48.5% | 2,255,808 |
| Idaho (ID) | 1,412,090 | 1,384,683 | 1,010,984 | 73.01% | 867,231 | 62.6% | 517,452 | 37.4% | 143,753 |
| Illinois (IL) | 12,659,700 | 9,832,749 | 8,036,534 | 81.73% | 6,033,744 | 61.4% | 3,799,005 | 37.4% | 2,002,790 |
| Indiana (IN) | 6,745,350 | 5,214,546 | 4,585,024 | 87.93% | 3,033,112 | 58.2% | 2,181,434 | 41.8% | 1,551,912 |
| Indiana (IN) Iowa (IA) | 3,179,850 | 2,439,743 | 2,245,096 | 92.02% | 1,690,871 | <u> </u> | 748,872 | 30.7% | 554,225 |
| Kansas (KS) | 2,910,360 | 2,223,238 | 1,851,397 | 83.27% | 1,372,303 | 61.7% | 850,935 | 30.7% | 479,094 |
| Kansas (KS) Kentucky (KY) | 4,499,690 | 3,979,502 | 3,462,152 | 87.00% | 2,136,768 | 53.7% | 1,842,734 | 46.3% | 1,325,384 |
| Louisiana (LA) | 4,645,180 | 3,979,502 | 3,091,340 | 77.68% | 2,130,708 | 54.0% | 1,842,754 | 46.0% | 943,278 |
| Maine (ME) | 4,645,180 | 3,979,502 | 1,063,383 | 96.28% | 2,148,062 819,461 | 54.0% 74.2% | 285,028 | 25.8% | 243,922 |
| | , , | , , | , , | 96.28% 87.57% | , | | | | , |
| Maryland | 6,083,120 | 4,729,400 | 4,141,498 | | 3,037,030 | 64.2% 65.2% | 1,692,370 | 35.8% | 1,104,468 |
| Massachusetts (MA) | 6,976,600 | 5,566,452 | 4,812,909 | 86.46% | 3,631,402 | | 1,935,050 | 34.8% | 1,181,507 |
| Michigan (MI) | 10,045,000 | 7,893,420 | 7,151,051 | 90.60% | 5,539,302 | 70.2% | 2,354,118 | 29.8% | 1,611,749 |
| Minnesota (MN) | 5,700,670 | 4,378,737 | 3,588,563 | 81.95% | 3,277,120 | 74.8% | 1,101,617 | 25.2% | 311,443 |
| Mississippi (MS) | 2,989,260 | 2,279,412 | 1,985,928 | 87.12% | 1,313,894 | 57.6% | 965,518 | 42.4% | 672,034 |
| Missouri (MO) | 6,169,270 | 4,794,796 | 4,213,092 | 87.87% | 3,025,962 | 63.1% | 1,768,834 | 36.9% | 1,187,130 |
| Montana (MT) | 1,086,760 | 851,663 | 696,292 | 81.76% | 603,674 | 70.9% | 247,989 | 29.1% | 92,618 |
| Nebraska (NE) | 1,952,570 | 1,469,878 | 1,252,089 | 85.18% | 951,712 | 64.7% | 518,166 | 35.3% | 300,377 |
| Nevada (NV) | 3,139,660 | 2,450,946 | 1,821,356 | 74.31% | 1,405,376 | 57.3% | 1,045,570 | 42.7% | 415,980 |
| New Hampshire (NH) | 1,371,250 | 1,115,916 | 998,537 | 89.48% | 806,182 | 72.2% | 309,734 | 27.8% | 192,355 |
| New Jersey (NJ) | 8,936,570 | 6,952,008 | 6,486,299 | 93.30% | 4,549,353 | 65.4% | 2,402,655 | 34.6% | 1,936,946 |
| New Mexico (NM) | 2,096,640 | 1,634,037 | 1,350,181 | 82.63% | 923,965 | 56.5% | 710,072 | 43.5% | 426,216 |
| New York (NY) | 19,440,500 | 15,372,655 | 13,555,547 | 88.18% | 8,611,075 | 56.0% | 6,761,580 | 44.0% | 4,944,472 |
| North Carolina (NC) | 10,611,900 | 8,328,642 | 7,361,219 | 88.38% | 5,524,804 | 66.3% | 2,803,838 | 33.7% | 1,836,415 |
| North Dakota (ND) | 761,723 | 584,610 | 581,379 | 99.45% | 361,819 | 61.9% | 222,791 | 38.1% | 219,560 |
| Ohio (OH) | 11,747,700 | 9,144,626 | 7,774,767 | 85.02% | 5,922,202 | 64.8% | 3,222,424 | 35.2% | 1,852,565 |
| Oklahoma (OK) | 3,954,820 | 3,031,792 | 2,259,113 | 74.51% | 1,560,699 | 51.5% | 1,471,093 | 48.5% | 698,414 |
| Oregon (OR) | 4,301,090 | 3,405,863 | 2,924,292 | 85.86% | 2,374,321 | 69.7% | 1,031,542 | 30.3% | 549,971 |
| Pennsylvania (PA) | 12,820,900 | 10,186,170 | 9,091,371 | 89.25% | 6,917,583 | 67.9% | 3,268,587 | 32.1% | 2,173,788 |
| Rhode Island (RI) | 1,056,160 | 857,507 | 509,821 | 59.45% | 517,757 | 60.4% | 339,750 | 39.6% | -7,936 |
| South Carolina (SC) | 5,210,100 | 3,677,799 | 3,400,000 | 92.45% | 2,513,329 | 68.3% | 1,164,470 | 31.7% | 886,671 |
| South Dakota (SD) | 903,027 | 675,016 | 578,666 | 85.73% | 422,609 | 62.6% | 252,407 | 37.4% | 156,057 |
| Tennessee (TN) | 6,897,580 | 5,391,220 | 3,931,248 | 72.92% | 3,053,851 | 56.6% | 2,337,369 | 43.4% | 877,397 |
| Texas (TX) | 29,472,300 | 22,058,260 | 16,211,198 | 73.49% | 11,315,056 | 51.3% | 10,743,204 | 48.7% | 4,896,142 |
| Utah (UT) | 3,282,120 | 2,343,384 | 1,857,861 | 79.28% | 1,488,289 | 63.5% | 855,095 | 36.5% | 369,572 |
| Vermont (VT) | 628,061 | 511,637 | 495,267 | 96.80% | 367,428 | 71.8% | 144,209 | 28.2% | 127,839 |
| Virginia (VA) | 8,626,210 | 6,727,440 | 5,975,696 | 88.83% | 4,460,524 | 66.3% | 2,266,916 | 33.7% | 1,515,172 |
| Washington (WA) | 7,797,100 | 6,070,046 | 4,861,482 | 80.09% | 4,087,631 | 67.3% | 1,982,415 | 32.7% | 773,851 |
| West Virginia (WV) | 1,778,070 | 1,422,098 | 1,268,480 | 89.20% | 794,652 | 55.9% | 627,446 | 44.1% | 473,828 |
| Wisconsin (WI) | 5,851,750 | 4,586,746 | 3,684,726 | 80.33% | 3,298,041 | 71.9% | 1,288,705 | 28.1% | 386,685 |
| Wyoming (WY) | 567,025 | 447,915 | 268,837 | 60.02% | 276,765 | 61.8% | 171,150 | 38.2% | -7,928 |
| United Statees | 331,319,180 | 258,111,410 | 212,663,993 | 82.39% | 158,394,605 | 61.4% | 99,716,805 | 38.6% | 54,269,388 |

In CA,13.3 MILLION – 43.1% - of VAP did NOT vote
In CA, TX, FL, NY, PA, 40.5 MILLION – 40.2% - of VAP did NOT vote

| | | 2020 | | |
|------|----------------|------------|--|--|
| RANK | STATE | POPULATION | | |
| 1 | California | 39,937,500 | | |
| 2 | Texas | 29,472,300 | | |
| 3 | Florida | 21,993,000 | | |
| 4 | New York | 19,440,500 | | |
| 5 | Pennsylvania | 12,820,900 | | |
| 6 | Illinois | 12,659,700 | | |
| 7 | Ohio | 11,747,700 | | |
| 8 | Georgia | 10,736,100 | | |
| 9 | North Carolina | 10,611,900 | | |
| 10 | Michigan | 10,045,000 | | |
| 11 | New Jersey | 8,936,570 | | |
| 12 | Virginia | 8,626,210 | | |
| 13 | Washington | 7,797,100 | | |
| 14 | Arizona | 7,378,490 | | |
| 15 | Massachusetts | 6,976,600 | | |
| 16 | Tennessee | 6,897,580 | | |
| 17 | Indiana | 6,745,350 | | |
| 18 | Missouri | 6,169,270 | | |
| 19 | Maryland | 6,083,120 | | |
| 20 | Wisconsin | 5,851,750 | | |
| 21 | Colorado | 5,845,530 | | |
| 22 | Minnesota | 5,700,670 | | |
| 23 | South Carolina | 5,210,100 | | |
| 24 | Alabama | 4,908,620 | | |
| 25 | Louisiana | 4,645,180 | | |

| | | 2020 | | |
|------|-----------------------------|-------------|--|--|
| RANK | STATE | POPULATION | | |
| 26 | Kentucky | 4,499,690 | | |
| 27 | Oregon | 4,301,090 | | |
| 28 | Oklahoma | 3,954,820 | | |
| 29 | Connecticut | 3,563,080 | | |
| 30 | Utah | 3,282,120 | | |
| 31 | Iowa | 3,179,850 | | |
| 32 | Nevada | 3,139,660 | | |
| 33 | Arkansas | 3,039,000 | | |
| 34 | Mississippi | 2,989,260 | | |
| 35 | Kansas | 2,910,360 | | |
| 36 | New Mexico | 2,096,640 | | |
| 37 | Nebraska | 1,952,570 | | |
| 38 | Idaho | 1,826,160 | | |
| 39 | West Virginia | 1,778,070 | | |
| 40 | Hawaii | 1,412,690 | | |
| 41 | New Hampshire | 1,371,250 | | |
| 42 | Maine | 1,345,790 | | |
| 43 | Montana | 1,086,760 | | |
| 44 | Rhode Island | 1,056,160 | | |
| 45 | Delaware | 982,895 | | |
| 46 | South Dakota | 903,027 | | |
| 47 | North Dakota | 761,723 | | |
| 48 | Alaska | 734,002 | | |
| 49 | District of Columbia | 720,687 | | |
| 50 | Vermont | 628,061 | | |
| 51 | Wyoming | 567,025 | | |
| | UNITED STATES | 331,319,180 | | |

In the light of the aforementioned analysis of these irrefutable facts, the United States is NOT a complete democratic society because both Items 1 and 2 that define a complete democratic society FAIL. In order to validate Item 2, the US Constitution must be amended to include voting rights for every citizen.

Proposed Amendment To US Constitution Granting All Citizens The Right To Vote

Every citizen, upon reaching the age of 18, shall have the right to vote in every election held by any level of governance, from local to federal, that contains the current citizen's residence location on the date of the election.

Each citizen would be issued a voter ID card that contains his or her photo, birth date, birthplace, current residence location and signature.

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